

$$\textcircled{71} \quad \tau = I\alpha$$

$$I = \frac{1}{2}mr^2$$

$$\omega_f = \omega_i + \alpha t$$

$$\alpha = \frac{\omega_f - \omega_i}{t}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{2\pi f}{t}$$

$$\tau = \left(\frac{1}{2}mr^2\right)\left(\frac{2\pi f}{t}\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}(1.4 \text{ kg})(0.2 \text{ m})^2 \frac{2\pi(1800 \text{ Hz})}{6 \text{ s}}$$

$$= \underline{53 \text{ Nm}}$$

$$\textcircled{81} \quad \omega = \omega_0 + \alpha t$$

$$\alpha = \frac{\omega}{t} = \left(\frac{2\pi(120)}{60}\right) \frac{1}{5} = 2.51 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$\tau = I\alpha$$

$$= mr^2\alpha$$

$$= (0.5)(1.5)^2(2.51)$$

$$\tau = \underline{2.8 \text{ Nm}}$$

The torque comes from the arm muscles.

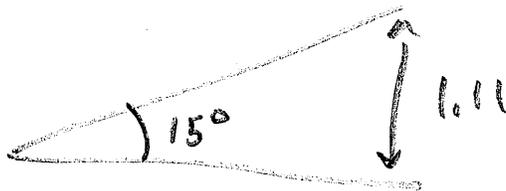
$$\begin{aligned}
 65 &= \frac{(1 \times 10^5)(30 \times 10^3)}{\frac{2}{5}(6 \times 10^{24})\left(\frac{1}{24 \times 3600} \cdot 2\pi\right)(6.4 \times 10^6)} \\
 &= 2.686 \times 10^{-18} \\
 &= \underline{2.7 \times 10^{-19} \%}
 \end{aligned}$$

(77) (a) Conservation of Energy.

$$\frac{1}{2}mv^2 + \frac{1}{2}I\omega^2 = mgh \quad I = MR^2$$

$$\frac{1}{2}mv^2 + \frac{1}{2}(MR^2)\left(\frac{v^2}{R^2}\right) = mgh$$

$$h = \frac{v^2}{g} = \frac{(3.3)^2}{9.8} = 1.11 \text{ m}$$



$$\sin \theta = \frac{1.11}{d}$$

$$d = \frac{1.11}{\sin 15} = \underline{4.3}$$

77 (b) time up the ramp.

$$V_{\text{average}} = \frac{x}{t}$$

$$\frac{v + v_0}{2} = \frac{x}{t}$$

$$t = \frac{2x}{v_0} = \frac{2(4.3)}{3.3} = 2.61 \text{ s}$$

$$\text{Total time} = \underline{5.2 \text{ s}}$$

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$$(a) L = I \omega$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} m_A R^2 \omega$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (6) (0.6)^2 (7.2)$$

$$= \underline{7.8 \text{ kg m}^2/\text{s}}$$

$$(b) \tau = \frac{\Delta L}{\Delta t} = \frac{7.8}{2}$$

$$\tau = \underline{3.9 \text{ Nm}}$$

$$(c) L_i = L_f$$

$$I_i \omega_i = I_f \omega_f$$

$$\frac{1}{2} m_A R^2 \omega_1 = \left(\frac{1}{2} m_A R^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_B R^2 \right) \omega_2$$

$$\omega_2 = \left(\frac{m_A}{m_A + m_B} \right) \omega_1$$

$$= \left(\frac{6}{6+9} \right) 7.2$$

$$\omega_2 = 2.9 \text{ rad/s}$$

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$$(a) \omega^2 = \omega_0^2 + 2\alpha\theta$$

$$\omega = \frac{v}{r}$$

$$\frac{v^2}{r^2} = \frac{v_0^2}{r^2} + 2\alpha\theta$$

$$\frac{90 \times 1000}{3600} = 25$$

$$\frac{\frac{v^2}{r^2} - \frac{v_0^2}{r^2}}{2\theta} = \alpha$$

$$\frac{60 \times 1000}{3600} = 16.67$$

$$\alpha = \frac{v^2 - v_0^2}{2\theta r^2} = \frac{(16.67)^2 - (25)^2}{2(85.2\pi)(.45)^2} = \frac{-347}{216.3}$$

$$\alpha = -1.6 \text{ rad/s}^2$$

$$(b) \omega = \omega_0 + \alpha t$$

$$t = \frac{-\omega_0}{\alpha} = \frac{-v}{r\alpha} = \frac{-16.67}{.45(-1.6)}$$

$$t = 23 \text{ s}$$